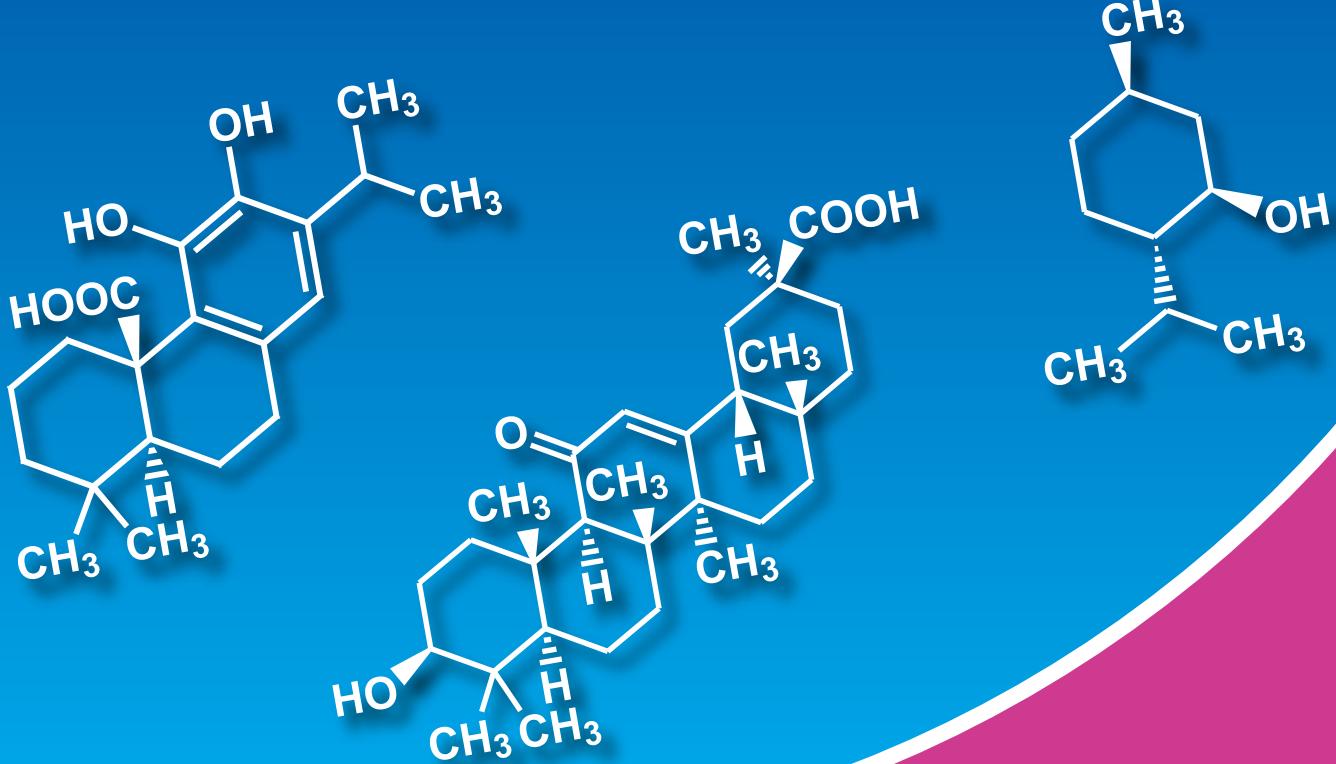


Terpenes



Hemiterpenes

Acyclic Monoterpenes

Monocyclic Monoterpenes

Bicyclic Monoterpenes

Sesquiterpenes

Diterpenes

Triterpenes

Other Terpenes

Terpenes

Terpenes are a large family of natural products and are known to be the primary constituents of essential oils. They are biosynthesized via the mevalonate pathway. The basic structure is derived from five-carbon isoprene units^{1,2)} which are linked together in a head-to-tail fashion to form linear chains or rings. They can be classified on the basis of the length of the carbon chains as illustrated below.

Table 1. Classification of Terpenes and Examples

Name	Number of Carbons	Examples
Hemiterpenes	5	Isoprene
Monoterpene	10	Menthol, Geraniol: Flavors, Food Additives
Sesquiterpenes	15	Artemisinin: Antimalarial Drug α-Bisabolol: Flavor, Cosmetic Ingredients
Diterpenes	20	Paclitaxel: Antitumor Agent, Gibberellins: Plant Hormones
Triterpenes	30	Lanosterol: Precursor of Steroid Biosynthesis

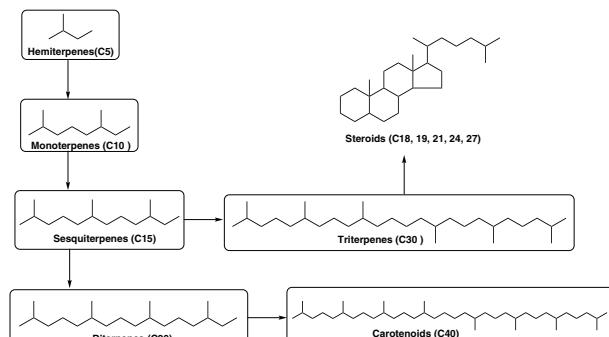


Figure 1. Biosynthetic Pathway of Terpene Skeletons

Terpenes are widespread in nature existing in marine organisms as well as in plants. Some terpenes show characteristic bioactivity such as antitumor activities, and their modes of action is currently under investigation. Since terpenes are mainly found in plants, they are frequently used as markers in plant metabolome analyses.

Nomenclature

According to the IUPAC Nomenclature Appendix, 42 parent skeletons are shown.³⁾ Practically, other common names are also used frequently. For further trivial names, please refer to References.^{2,4)}

Solubility

In general, most of the terpenes are insoluble in water but soluble in ethanol, chloroform and diethyl ether. They can be added to the buffer solution as a dimethyl sulfoxide solution to examine their activity in living organisms. Please take caution that the solution becomes suspended as the concentration level of the dissolved substance increases. It is recommended to define the optimal concentration level and volume of addition in advance. Glycosides of terpenes are more water-soluble than their aglycones.

Stability

In general, monoterpene are relatively stable. However, oily sesquiterpenes and diterpenes are less stable bearing more oxygen functional groups rendering them unsuitable for storage over longer periods. However, most of the triterpenes are solid and show good stability.

Detection

Since some terpenes do not have chromophore unit, UV detection by normal-phase HPLC is difficult. As a result, RI (refractive index) detector can be used instead. Normal-phase TLC is also frequently used to visualize terpenes by spraying them with phosphomolybdic acid solution or cerium sulfate solution followed by heating.

Some Tips

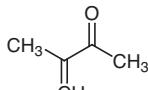
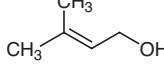
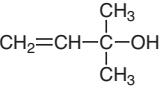
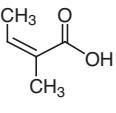
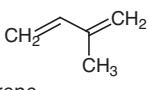
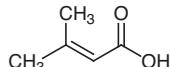
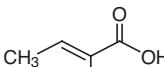
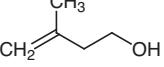
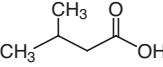
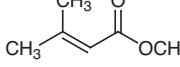
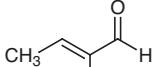
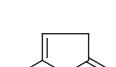
- Monoterpene and some sesquiterpenes form azeotropic mixtures with the traces of water present in the sample, leading to a considerable loss during distillation. It is therefore recommended that these terpenes should be properly dried prior to their use using the following procedure:
 - (1) dissolution of the sample in an appropriate organic solvent
 - (2) drying it over anhydrous sodium or magnesium sulfate
 - (3) removal of the solvent in vacuo.
- In NMR measurement, using two different solvents separately, deuteriochloroform (CDCl_3) and benzene-d6 (C_6D_6), may change the signal patterns to facilitate interpretation of the spectrum (mainly for proton). In addition, some hidden signals might also appear owing to the variation in the residual water signal positions.

- During storage over longer periods, CDCl_3 might partially decompose to form phosgene which can damage your precious sample. Therefore care should be taken especially while using CDCl_3 with high deuterium ratio (no less than 99.95%D). The sample should not be stored in the NMR tube as a solution after its analysis but recovered from the tube and the solvent should be evaporated completely to prevent its decomposition.

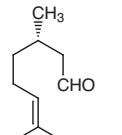
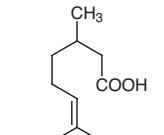
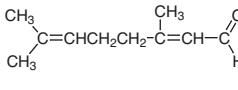
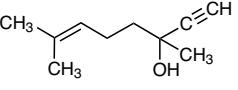
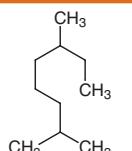
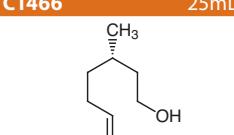
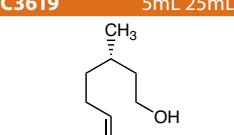
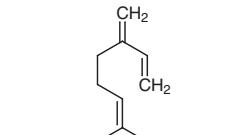
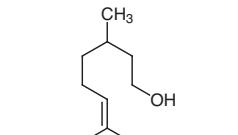
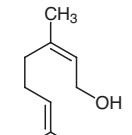
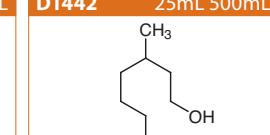
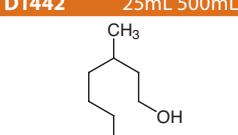
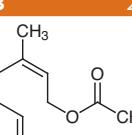
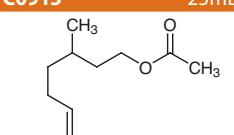
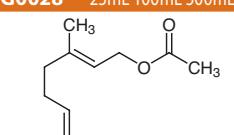
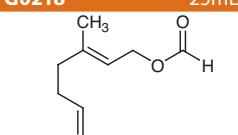
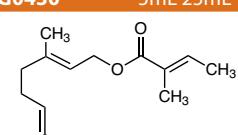
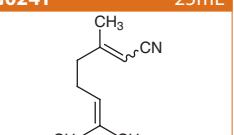
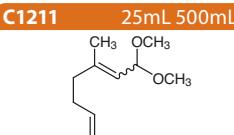
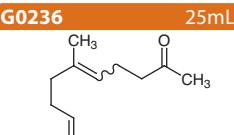
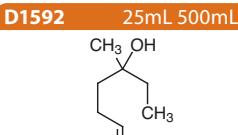
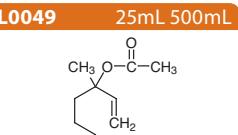
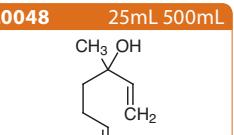
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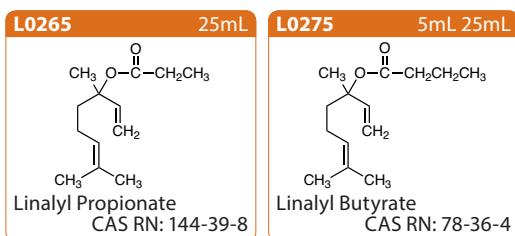
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Hemiterpenes

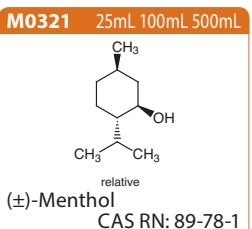
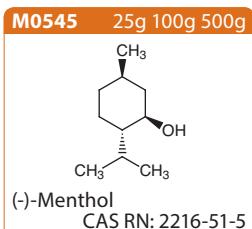
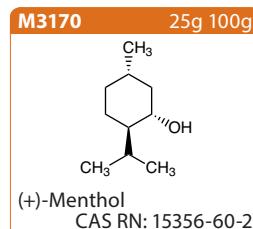
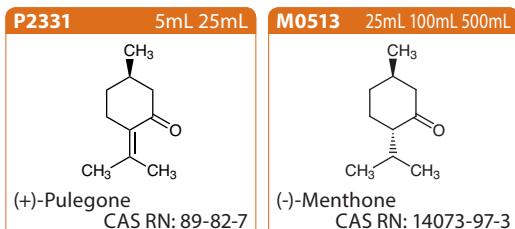
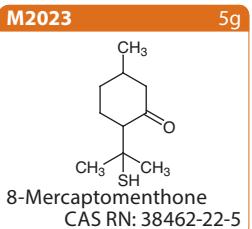
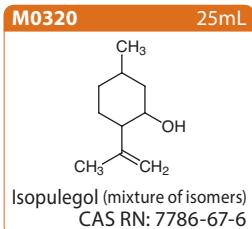
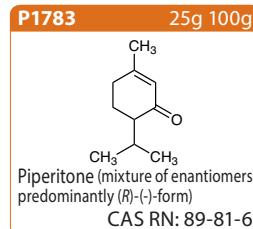
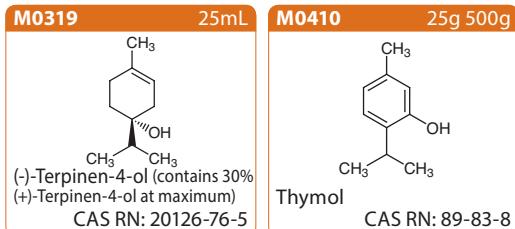
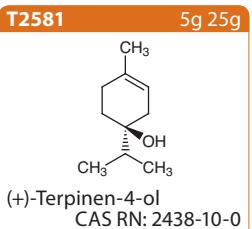
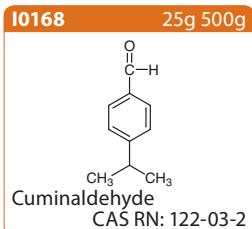
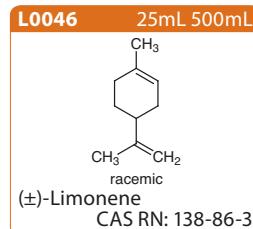
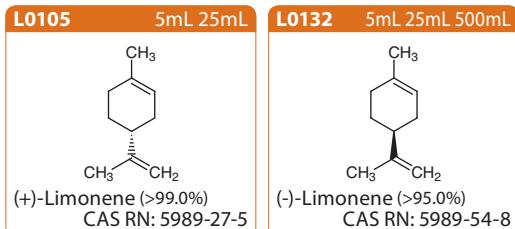
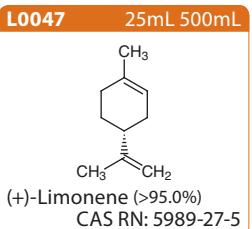
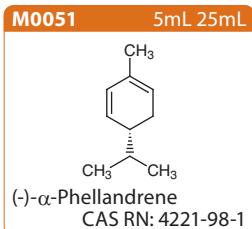
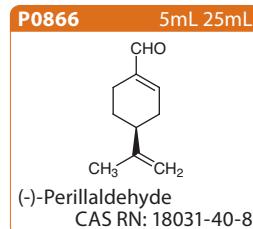
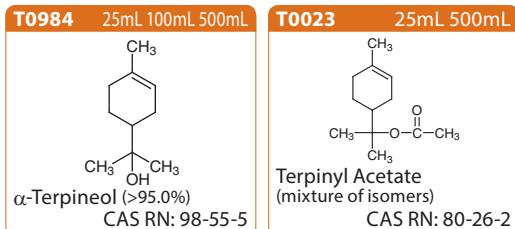
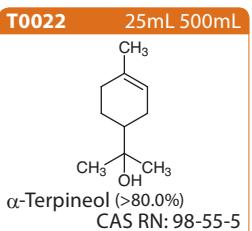
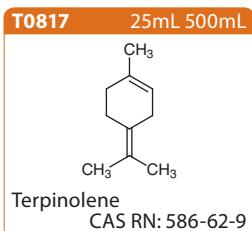
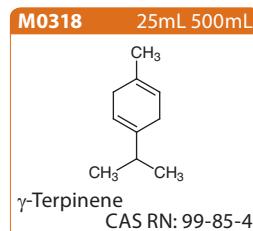
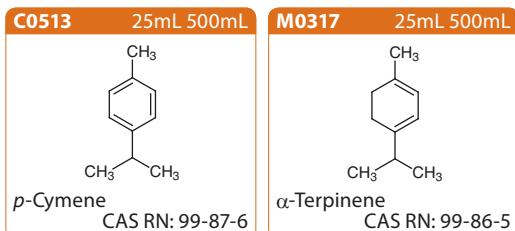
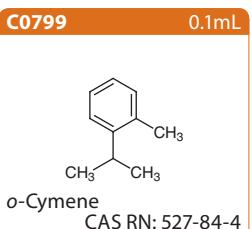
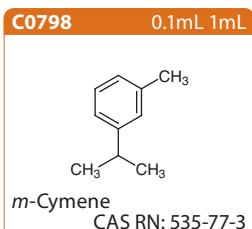
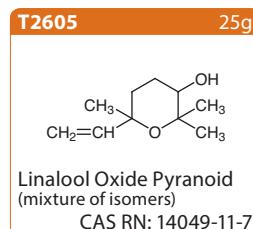
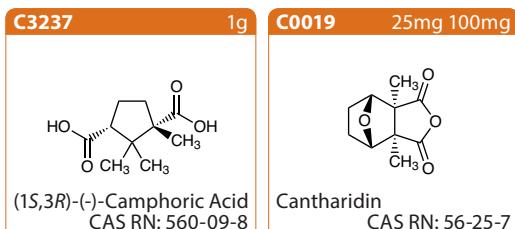
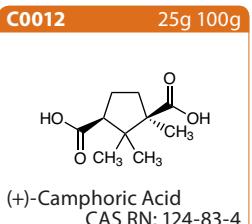
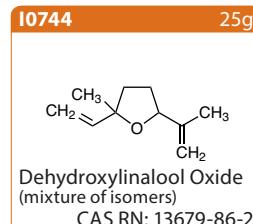
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Acyclic Monoterpenes

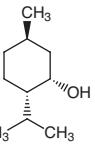
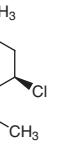
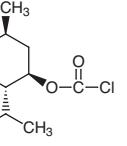
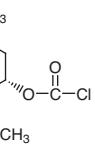
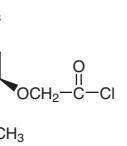
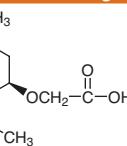
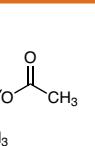
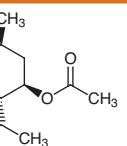
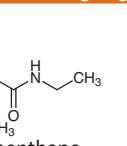
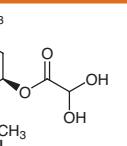
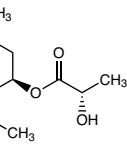
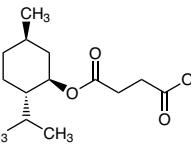
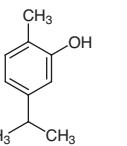
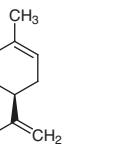
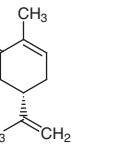
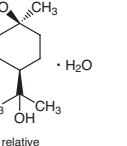
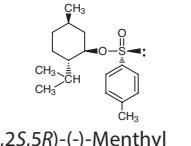
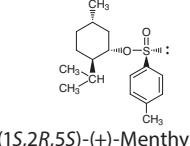
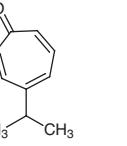
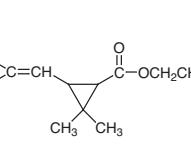
C1454 5mL 25mL	C1708 25mL	D0762 25mL	D5752 25mL 100mL	D1212 1mL
 (-)-Citronellal CAS RN: 5949-05-3	 Citronellic Acid CAS RN: 502-47-6	 Citral (cis- and trans- mixture) CAS RN: 5392-40-5	 (±)-Dehydrolinalool CAS RN: 29171-20-8	 2,6-Dimethyloctane CAS RN: 2051-30-1
C1466 25mL	C3619 5mL 25mL	M0235 25mL 500mL	C0370 25mL 100mL 500mL	N0077 25mL 100mL 500mL
 (-)-β-Citronellol (>95.0%) CAS RN: 7540-51-4	 (-)-β-Citronellol (>98.0%) CAS RN: 7540-51-4	 Myrcene (stabilized with BHT) CAS RN: 123-35-3	 β-Citronellol CAS RN: 106-22-9	 Nerol CAS RN: 106-25-2
C1466 25mL	C3619 5mL 25mL	D1442 25mL 500mL	G0027 25mL 100mL 500mL	N0463 25mL
 3,7-Dimethyl-1-octanol CAS RN: 106-21-8		 Geraniol CAS RN: 106-24-1		 Neryl Acetate CAS RN: 141-12-8
C0915 25mL	G0028 25mL 100mL 500mL	G0218 25mL	G0430 5mL 25mL	G0241 25mL
 Citronellyl Acetate CAS RN: 150-84-5	 Geranyl Acetate CAS RN: 105-87-3	 Geranyl Formate CAS RN: 105-86-2	 Geranyl Tiglate CAS RN: 7785-33-3	 Geranyl Nitrile [mixture of (E)- and (Z)- isomers, (1:1)] CAS RN: 5146-66-7
C1211 25mL 500mL	G0236 25mL	D1592 25mL 500mL	L0049 25mL 500mL	L0048 25mL 500mL
 Citral Dimethyl Acetal (cis- and trans- mixture) CAS RN: 7549-37-3	 Geranylacetone [mixture of (E)- and (Z)- isomers, (3:2)] CAS RN: 689-67-8	 Dihydrolinalool CAS RN: 18479-51-1	 Linalyl Acetate CAS RN: 115-95-7	 Linalool CAS RN: 78-70-6



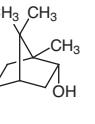
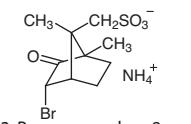
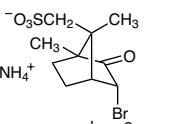
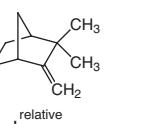
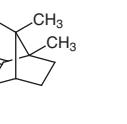
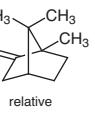
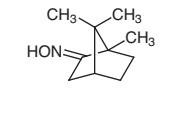
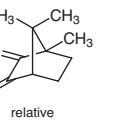
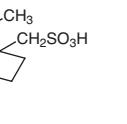
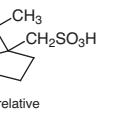
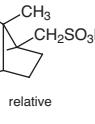
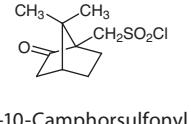
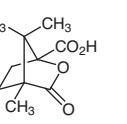
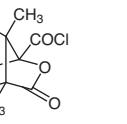
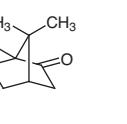
Monocyclic Monoterpenes



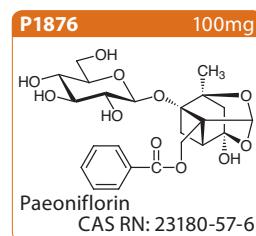
Terpenes

N0626 5mL 25mL  (+)-Neomenthol CAS RN: 2216-52-6	M0834 1g  (-)-Menthyl Chloride CAS RN: 16052-42-9	M0990 5mL 25mL  (-)-Menthyl Chloroformate CAS RN: 14602-86-9	M1221 5mL 25mL  (+)-Menthyl Chloroformate CAS RN: 7635-54-3	M0571 10g  (-)-Menthoxymethyl Chloride CAS RN: 15356-62-4
M0573 5g 25g  (-)-Menthoxymalic Acid CAS RN: 40248-63-3	M2631 1mL 5mL  (+)-Menthyl Acetate CAS RN: 5157-89-1	A1107 25mL  (-)-Menthyl Acetate CAS RN: 2623-23-6	E0796 5g 25g  N-Ethyl-p-menthane-3-carboxamide CAS RN: 39711-79-0	I0790 25g  (-)-Menthyl 2,2-Dihydroxyacetate CAS RN: 111969-64-3
I0889 5g 25g  L-Menthyl L-Lactate CAS RN: 61597-98-6	M2482 25g  (-)-Menthyl Succinate CAS RN: 77341-67-4	C0026 25g 100g 500g  Carvacrol CAS RN: 499-75-2	C0703 25mL 100mL 500mL  (R)-(-)-Carvone CAS RN: 6485-40-1	C0704 25mL  (S)-(-)-Carvone CAS RN: 2244-16-8
T2344 25g  relative Terpin Monohydrate CAS RN: 2451-01-6	M1044 5g 25g  (1R,2S,5R)-(-)-Menthyl (S)-p-Toluenesulfonate CAS RN: 1517-82-4	M1066 1g 5g  (1S,2R,5S)-(+)-Menthyl (R)-p-Toluenesulfonate CAS RN: 91796-57-5	H0142 1g 5g  Hinokitiol CAS RN: 499-44-5	D2112 25g 100g  Ethyl Chrysanthemate CAS RN: 97-41-6

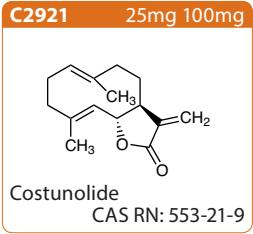
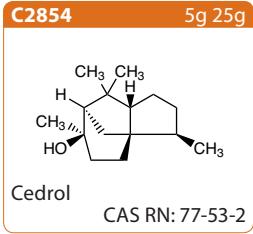
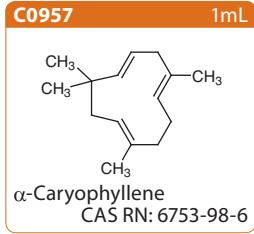
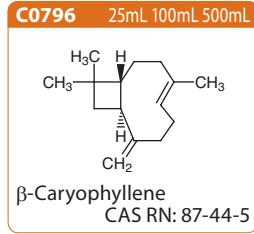
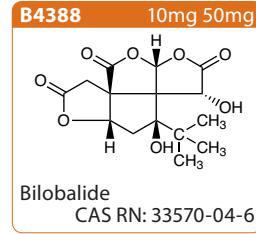
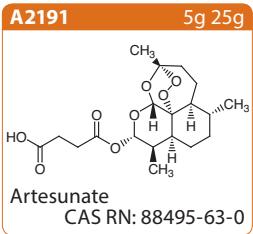
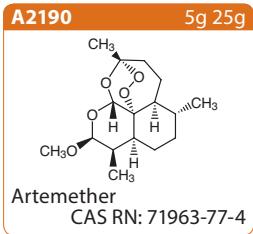
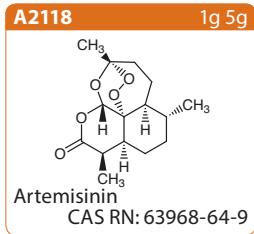
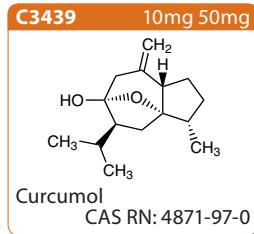
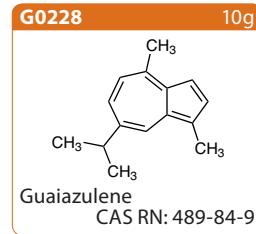
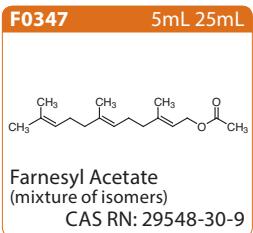
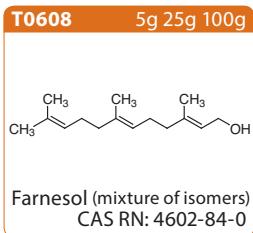
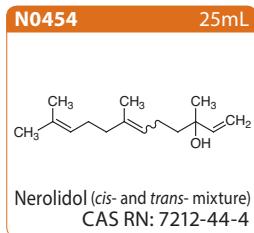
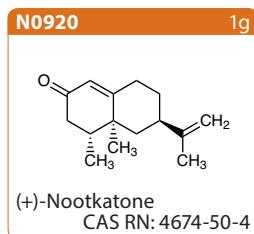
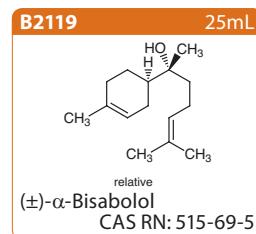
Bicyclic Monoterpenes

B1012 25g 500g  (-)-Borneol CAS RN: 464-45-9	B1125 5g 25g  (+)-3-Bromocamphor-8-sulfonic Acid Ammonium Salt CAS RN: 14575-84-9	B4412 1g 5g  (-)-3-Bromocamphor-8-sulfonic Acid Ammonium Salt CAS RN: 55870-50-3	C0009 25g 100g  (±)-Camphene (contains ca. 20% Tricycene) CAS RN: 79-92-5	C0010 25g 500g  (+)-Camphor CAS RN: 464-49-3
C0011 25g 500g  (±)-Camphor CAS RN: 76-22-2	C0013 1g 5g 25g  (1R)-Camphor Oxime CAS RN: 2792-42-9	C0014 5g 25g  (±)-Camphorquinone CAS RN: 10373-78-1	C0015 25g 100g 500g  (+)-10-Camphorsulfonic Acid CAS RN: 3144-16-9	C0016 25g 100g 500g  (±)-10-Camphorsulfonic Acid CAS RN: 5872-08-2
C0017 25g  relative Sodium (+)-10-Camphorsulfonate CAS RN: 34850-66-3	C0998 5g 25g  (+)-10-Camphorsulfonyl Chloride CAS RN: 21286-54-4	C1021 1g 5g  (-)-Camphanic Acid CAS RN: 13429-83-9	C1022 1g 5g 25g  (-)-Camphanic Chloride CAS RN: 39637-74-6	C1251 5g  (-)-Camphor CAS RN: 464-48-2

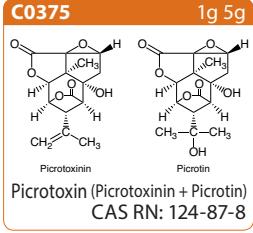
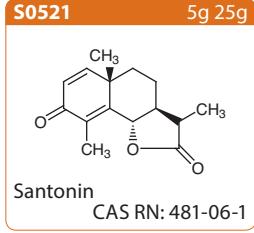
C1308 (-)-10-Camphorsulfonyl Chloride CAS RN: 39262-22-1	C1324 (+)-10,2-Camphorsultam CAS RN: 108448-77-7	C1325 (-)10,2-Camphorsultam CAS RN: 94594-90-8	C1326 (2R,8aS)-(+)-(Camphorylsulfonyl)-oxaziridine CAS RN: 104322-63-6	C1327 (2S,8aR)-(-)-(Camphorylsulfonyl)-oxaziridine CAS RN: 104372-31-8
C1391 (+)-10-Camphorsulfonimine CAS RN: 107869-45-4	C1393 (-)-10-Camphorsulfonimine CAS RN: 60886-80-8	C1482 (1R)-(-)-Camphorquinone CAS RN: 10334-26-6	C1660 (1S)-(+)-Camphorquinone CAS RN: 2767-84-2	C1661 <i>anti</i> -(1 <i>R</i>)-(+)-Camphorquinone 3-Oxime CAS RN: 31571-14-9
D2715 (+)-3,9-Dibromocamphor CAS RN: 10293-10-4	F0163 (+)-Fenchone CAS RN: 4695-62-9	F0164 (-)-Fenchone CAS RN: 7787-20-4	I0275 (±)-Isoborneol CAS RN: 124-76-5	I0306 Isobornyl Acetate CAS RN: 125-12-2
I0617 relative Isobornyl Methacrylate (stabilized with MEHQ) CAS RN: 7534-94-3	I0638 relative Isobornyl Acrylate (stabilized with MEHQ) CAS RN: 5888-33-5	K0028 (S)-(+)-Ketopinic Acid CAS RN: 40724-67-2	M1070 (1S)-(-)-10-Mercaptoisoborneol CAS RN: 71242-58-5	M1341 (1S)-(-)-10-Mercaptoborneol CAS RN: 71242-59-6
T1863 (1 <i>R</i>)-(-)-Thiocamphor CAS RN: 53402-10-1	T2578 (1 <i>R</i> ,4 <i>R</i> ,5 <i>R</i>)-4,7,7-Trimethyl-6-thiabicyclo[3.2.1]octane CAS RN: 5718-75-2	T2579 (1 <i>S</i> ,4 <i>S</i> ,5 <i>S</i>)-4,7,7-Trimethyl-6-thiabicyclo[3.2.1]octane CAS RN: 1208985-45-8	P1362 α-Pinene Oxide CAS RN: 1686-14-2	P1099 (1 <i>R</i>)-(+)-α-Pinene CAS RN: 7785-70-8
H0863 (1 <i>S</i> ,2 <i>S</i> ,5 <i>S</i>)-(-)-2-Hydroxy-3-pinanon CAS RN: 1845-25-6	P1934 (1 <i>S</i> ,2 <i>S</i> ,3 <i>R</i> ,5 <i>S</i>)-(-)-2,3-Pinanediol CAS RN: 18680-27-8	P0441 (-)-β-Pinene CAS RN: 18172-67-3	P0440 (1 <i>S</i>)-(-)-α-Pinene CAS RN: 7785-26-4	V0072 (-)-Verbenone CAS RN: 1196-01-6
H0862 (1 <i>R</i> ,2 <i>R</i> ,5 <i>R</i>)-(+)-2-Hydroxy-3-pinanon CAS RN: 24047-72-1	T0989 Thujone (α- and β- mixture) CAS RN: 1125-12-8	C0542 1,8-Cineole (>99.0%) CAS RN: 470-82-6	C0934 1,8-Cineole (>98.0%) CAS RN: 470-82-6	C3652 1,4-Cineole CAS RN: 470-67-7
C0047 (+)-3-Carene CAS RN: 498-15-7	G0458 Genipin CAS RN: 6902-77-8	F1187 Fraxinellone CAS RN: 28808-62-0	S0897 Swertiaatin CAS RN: 17388-39-5	G0385 Geniposide CAS RN: 24512-63-8



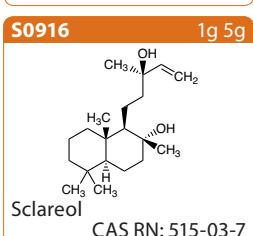
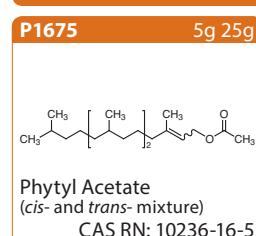
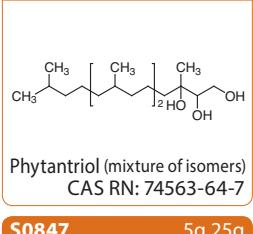
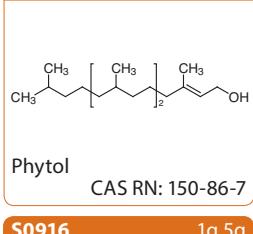
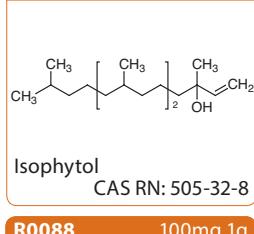
Sesquiterpenes

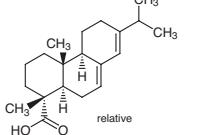
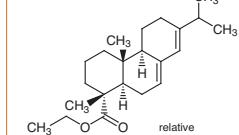
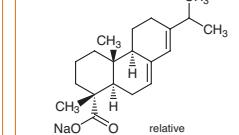
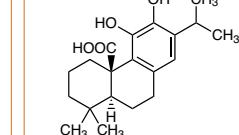
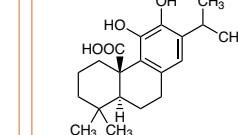
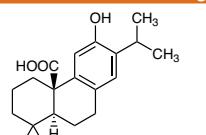
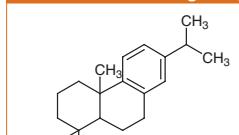
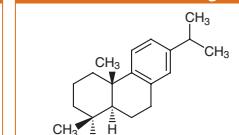
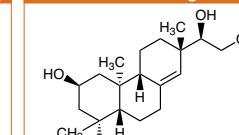
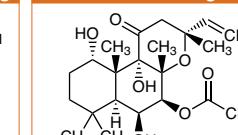
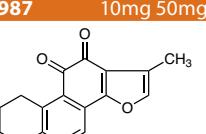
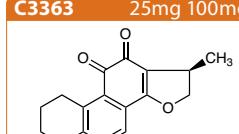
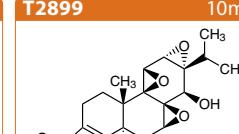
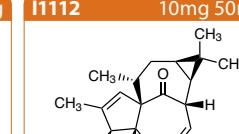
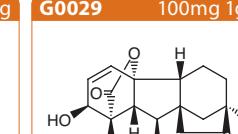
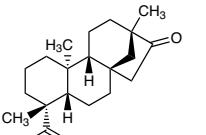
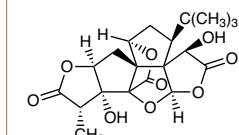
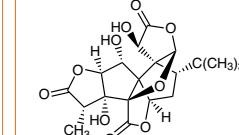
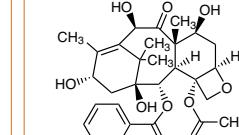
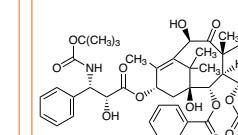
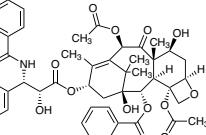
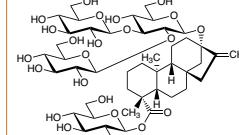
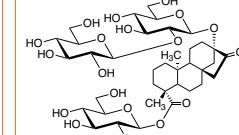
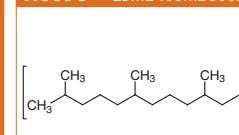
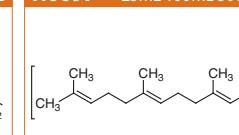
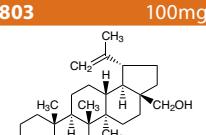
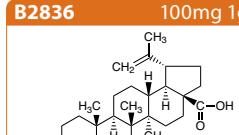
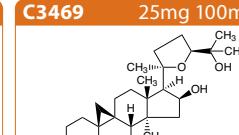
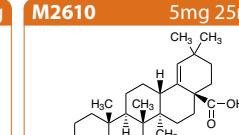
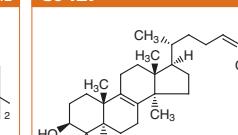
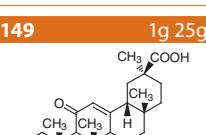
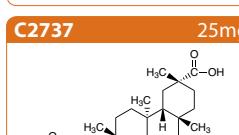
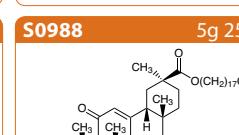
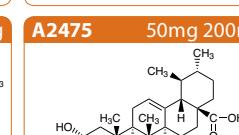
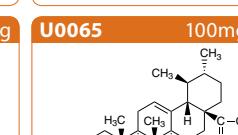


A2191 5g 25g

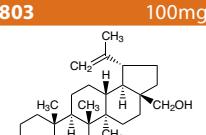
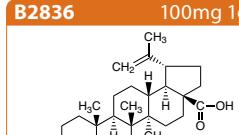
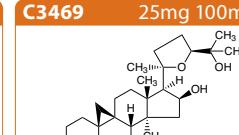
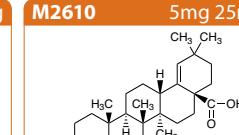
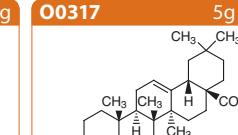
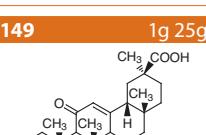
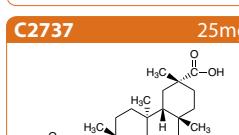
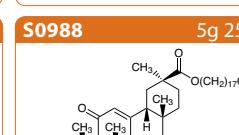
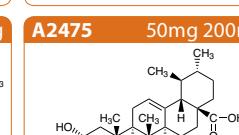
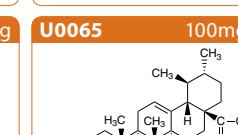


Diterpenes

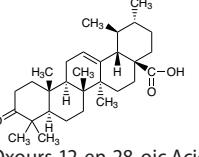
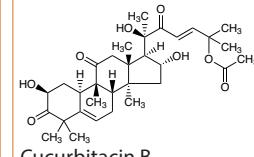
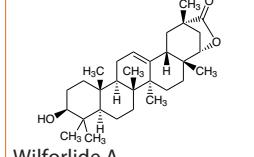
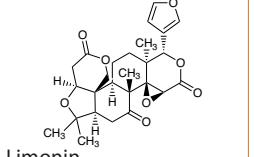
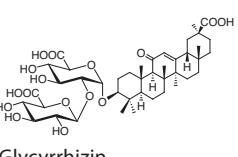
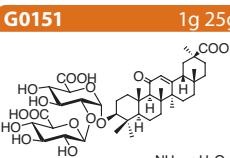
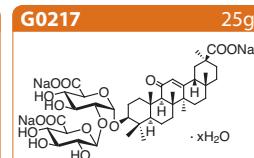
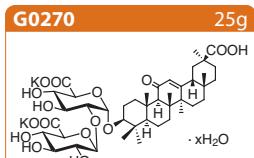
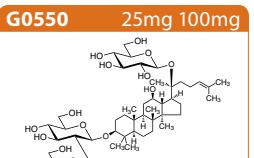
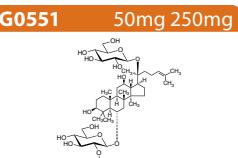
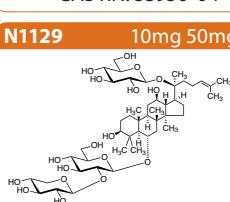
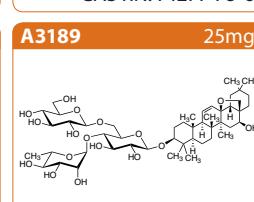


A0001 25g 100g 500g  Abietic Acid CAS RN: 514-10-3	A0002 25g  Ethyl Abietate CAS RN: 631-71-0	A0651 5g 25g  Sodium Abietate CAS RN: 14351-66-7	C2488 20mg 100mg  Carnosic Acid (Synthetic) CAS RN: 3650-09-7	C3477 20mg 100mg  Carnosic Acid CAS RN: 3650-09-7
P1933 100mg  Pisoriferic Acid CAS RN: 67494-15-9	D1180 25g 500g  Dehydroabietylamine	D1588 5g 25g  (+)-Dehydroabietylamine CAS RN: 1446-61-3	K0059 25mg 100mg  Kirenol CAS RN: 52659-56-0	F0855 10mg 50mg  Forskolin CAS RN: 66575-29-9
T2987 10mg 50mg  Tanshinone IIA CAS RN: 568-72-9	C3363 25mg 100mg  Cryptotanshinone CAS RN: 35825-57-1	T2899 10mg  Triptolide CAS RN: 38748-32-2	I1112 10mg 50mg  Ingenol CAS RN: 30220-46-3	G0029 100mg 1g 5g  Gibberellin A ₃ CAS RN: 77-06-5
I1069 100mg 500mg  Isosteviol CAS RN: 27975-19-5	G0521 10mg 50mg  Ginkgolide A CAS RN: 15291-75-5	G0553 25mg 100mg  Ginkgolide B CAS RN: 15291-77-7	D4148 100mg 500mg  10-Deacetylbaccatin III CAS RN: 32981-86-5	D4102 100mg 1g  Docetaxel CAS RN: 114977-28-5
P1632 100mg  Paclitaxel CAS RN: 33069-62-4	R0095 5g 25g  Rebaudioside A CAS RN: 58543-16-1	S0594 25g  Stevioside CAS RN: 57817-89-7	H0096 25mL 100mL 500mL  Squalane CAS RN: 111-01-3	H0097 25mL 100mL 500mL  Squalene CAS RN: 111-02-4
B0803 100mg  Betulinol CAS RN: 473-98-3	B2836 100mg 1g  Betulinic Acid CAS RN: 472-15-1	C3469 25mg 100mg  Cycloastragenol CAS RN: 78574-94-4	M2610 5mg 25mg  Moronic Acid CAS RN: 6713-27-5	C0427 25g  Lanosterol CAS RN: 79-63-0
G0149 1g 25g  Glycyrrhetic Acid CAS RN: 471-53-4	C2737 25mg  Celastrol CAS RN: 34157-83-0	S0988 5g 25g  Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate CAS RN: 13832-70-7	A2475 50mg 200mg  Asiatic Acid CAS RN: 464-92-6	U0065 100mg 1g  Ursolic Acid CAS RN: 77-52-1

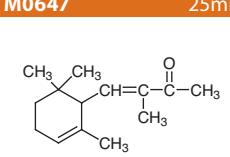
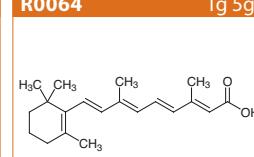
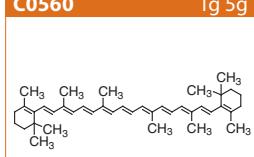
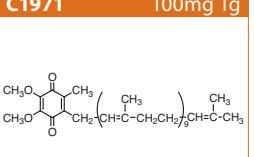
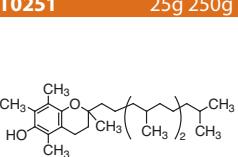
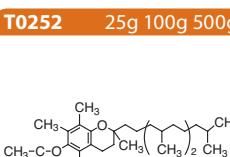
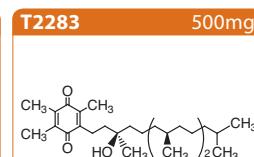
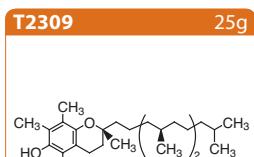
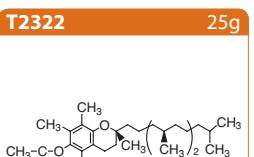
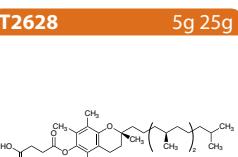
Triterpenes

B0803 100mg  Betulinol CAS RN: 473-98-3	B2836 100mg 1g  Betulinic Acid CAS RN: 472-15-1	C3469 25mg 100mg  Cycloastragenol CAS RN: 78574-94-4	M2610 5mg 25mg  Moronic Acid CAS RN: 6713-27-5	O0317 5g 25g  Oleanolic Acid Hydrate · xH ₂ O CAS RN: 508-02-1
G0149 1g 25g  Glycyrrhetic Acid CAS RN: 471-53-4	C2737 25mg  Celastrol CAS RN: 34157-83-0	S0988 5g 25g  Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate CAS RN: 13832-70-7	A2475 50mg 200mg  Asiatic Acid CAS RN: 464-92-6	U0065 100mg 1g  Ursolic Acid CAS RN: 77-52-1

Terpenes

O0508 3-Oxous-12-en-28-oic Acid CAS RN: 6246-46-4	C3442 Cucurbitacin B CAS RN: 6199-67-3	W0011 Wilforlide A CAS RN: 84104-71-2	L0258 Limonin CAS RN: 1180-71-8	G0150 Glycyrrhizin CAS RN: 1405-86-3
				
G0151 Monoammonium Glycyrrhizinate Hydrate CAS RN: 53956-04-0	G0217 Trisodium Glycyrrhizinate Hydrate CAS RN: 71277-78-6	G0270 Dipotassium Glycyrrhizinate Hydrate CAS RN: 68797-35-3	G0550 Ginsenoside Rd CAS RN: 52705-93-8	G0551 Ginsenoside Re CAS RN: 52286-59-6
				
N1129 Notoginsenoside R1 CAS RN: 80418-24-2	A3189 Saikosaponin C CAS RN: 20736-08-7			
				

Other Terpenes

M0647 α -iso-Methylionone CAS RN: 127-51-5	R0064 Retinoic Acid CAS RN: 302-79-4	C0560 β -Carotene CAS RN: 7235-40-7	C1971 Coenzyme Q ₁₀ CAS RN: 303-98-0	T0251 DL- α -Tocopherol CAS RN: 10191-41-0
				
T0252 DL- α -Tocopherol Acetate CAS RN: 7695-91-2	T2283 D- α -Tocopherylquinone CAS RN: 7559-04-8	T2309 D- α -Tocopherol CAS RN: 59-02-9	T2322 D- α -Tocopherol Acetate CAS RN: 58-95-7	T2628 D- α -Tocopherol Succinate CAS RN: 4345-03-3
				
C0781 Capsanthin (=Paprika Extract) (Vegetable oil solution) CAS RN: 465-42-9	C1527 Crocin (Gardenia Fruits Extract) CAS RN: 42553-65-1	M0363 Methylionone (mixture of α - and β -, predominantly α -n-isomer) CAS RN: 7779-30-8		
				

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